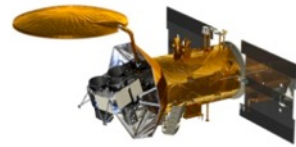


Correlative Analysis of Aquarius, Grace and Rain Rate** Data Indicating the Change of Water Cycle In the India Subcontinent

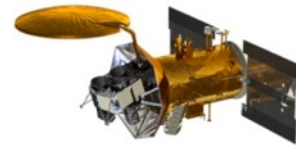
SIMON YUEH, WENQING TANG, ALEXANDER
FORE, AKIKO HAYASHI, TONG LEE, RAJAT
BINDLISH*, AND THOMAS JACKSON*

Jet Propulsion Laboratory
USDA*

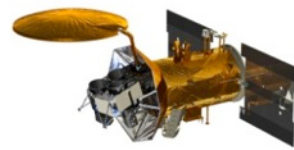
November 28, 2014



- Introduction
- CAP Retrieval Algorithm Update
- GRACE and Aquarius soil moisture over land (precipitation)
- Aquarius CAP_RC Salinity and Soil Moisture
- Aquarius CAP_RC Salinity and OSCAR Current
- Summary



- What is the impact of the following processes?
 - River discharge (precipitation over land)
 - Rain over ocean (CMORPH rain rate)
 - Advection (current)



- Combined Active-Passive (CAP) Algorithm – minimization of a quadratic cost function
 - Retrieve SSS, Wind Speed and Direction Using Combined Passive and Active Data
 - Account for diffused scattering of galactic reflection
 - Don't need monthly SSS climatology constraint

$$F_{ap}(SSS, w, \phi) = \frac{(T_{BV} - T_{BVm})^2}{\Delta T^2} + \frac{(T_{BH} - T_{BHm})^2}{\Delta T^2} + \frac{(\sigma_{VV} - \sigma_{VVm})^2}{k_p^2 \sigma_{VV}^2} + \frac{(\sigma_{HH} - \sigma_{HHm})^2}{k_p^2 \sigma_{HH}^2} + \frac{(w - w_{NCEP})^2}{\Delta w^2} + \frac{\sin^2((\phi - \phi_{NCEP}) / 2)}{\delta^2}$$

- Model function for wind, wave and rain-induced roughness

$$\sigma_p(w, R, SWH, \phi) = [A_{0p}(w, R, SWH) + \Delta A_{0p}(w, R)][1 + A_{1p}(w) \cos \phi + A_{2p}(w) \cos 2\phi]$$

$$e_p(w, R, SWH, \phi) = e_{0p}(w, SWH) + \Delta e_{0p}(w, R) + e_{1p}(w) \cos \phi + e_{2p}(w) \cos 2\phi$$

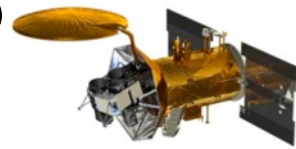
- CAP V3.x includes two SSS outputs
 - SSS with no rain correction
 - SSS_rc with rain correction

Yueh and Chaubell, IEEE TGRS, April 2012

Yueh et al., IEEE TGRS, 2013

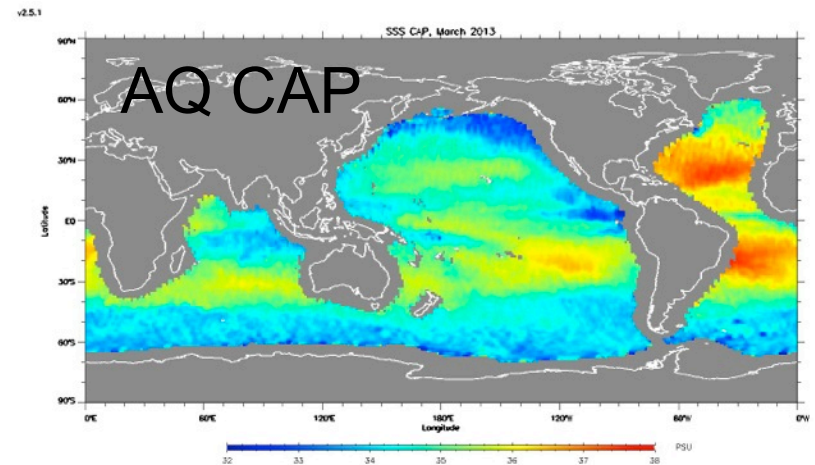
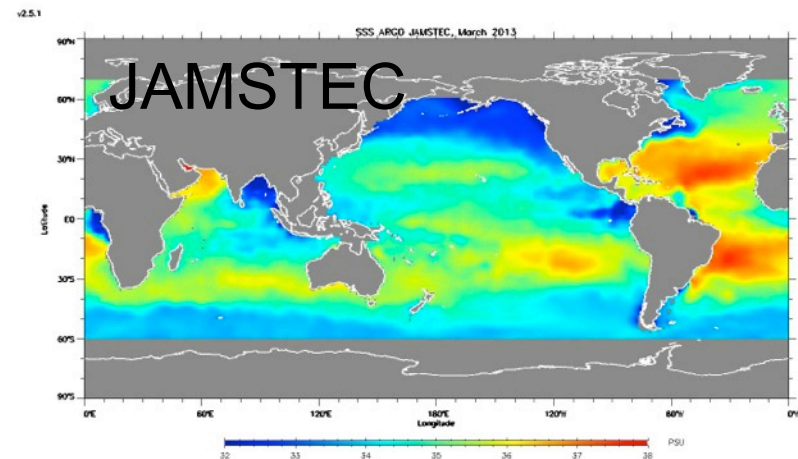
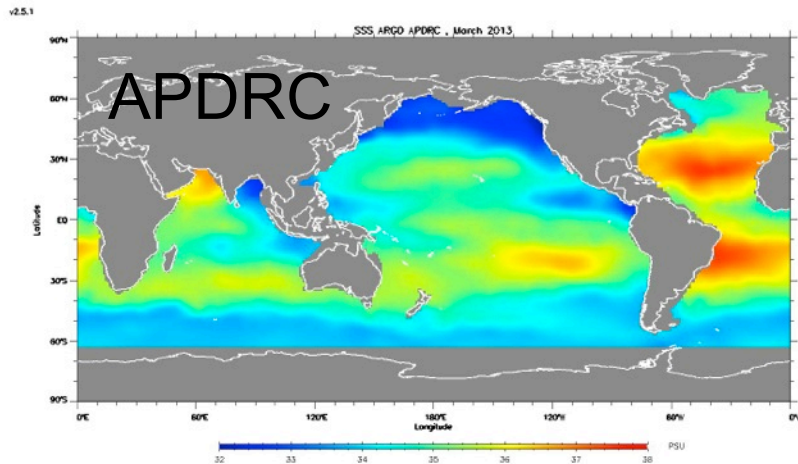
Yueh et al. JGR 2014

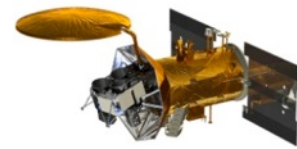
Tang et al., RSE 2013



- Aquarius CAP and JAMSTEC show the split of salinity of tongues in the eastern Pacific
- APDRC seems to be smoother

March 2013





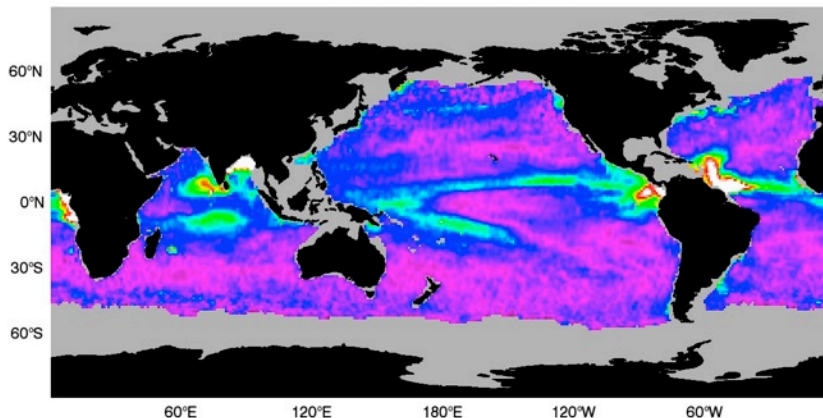
- The spatial patterns of Aquarius CAP and ARGO anomalies are strikingly similar.
- CAP in general has larger anomalies. Surface stratification effects?

Scaling and/or Bias?

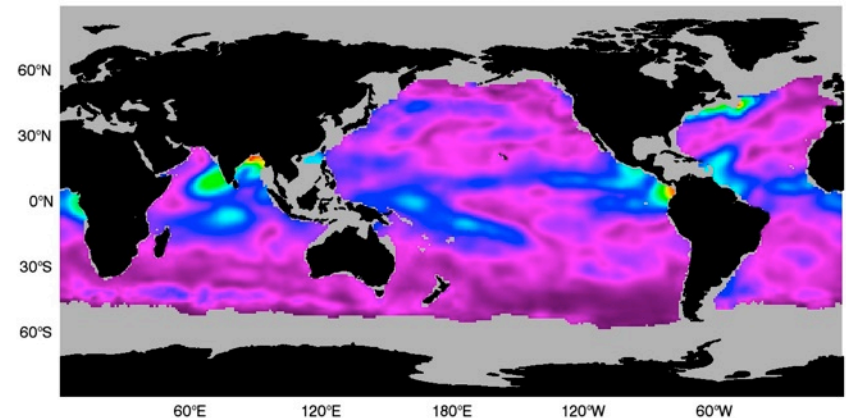
Amplitude of CAP 3.0 Anomaly

ARGO

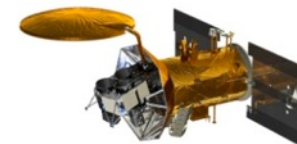
Aquarius CAP Amplitude



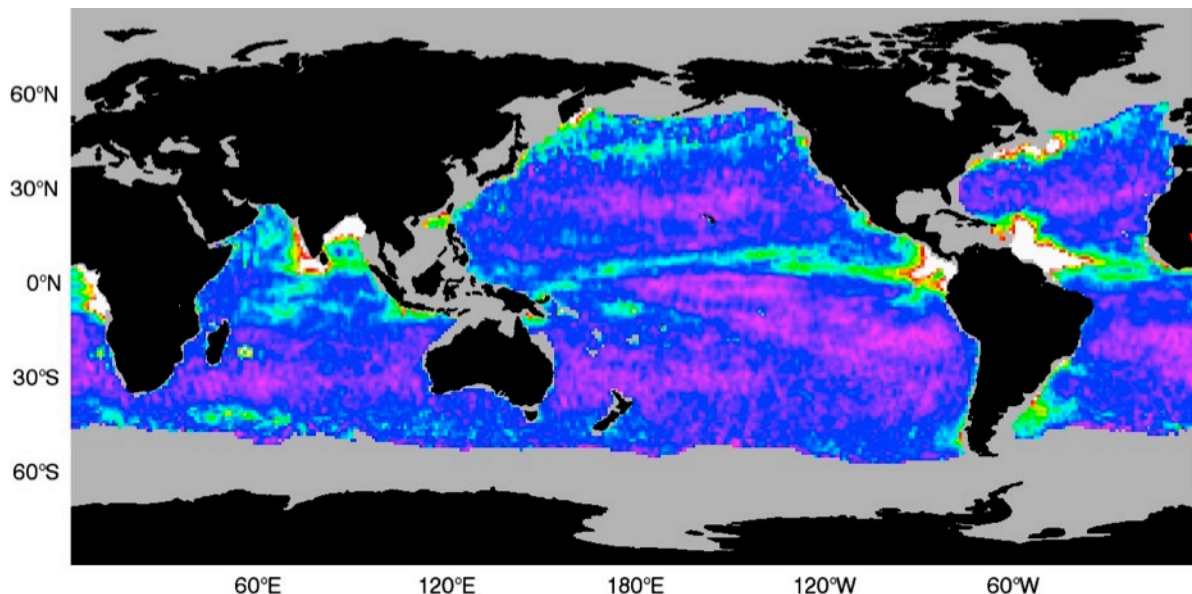
Argo APDRC Amplitude



$$A = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \langle x_m \rangle)^2}$$

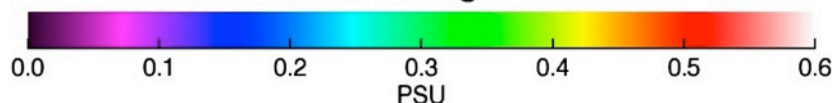


Standard Deviation of Monthly Averaged Differences of Anomalies (AQ-APDRC)



Global average=0.17
Within 40S-40N

Global Average=0.1696

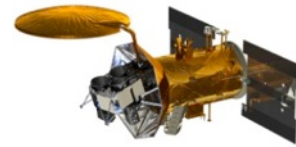


Search = 111 km Weight = 75 km

Landfrac= 0.01000 Icefrac= 0.00000

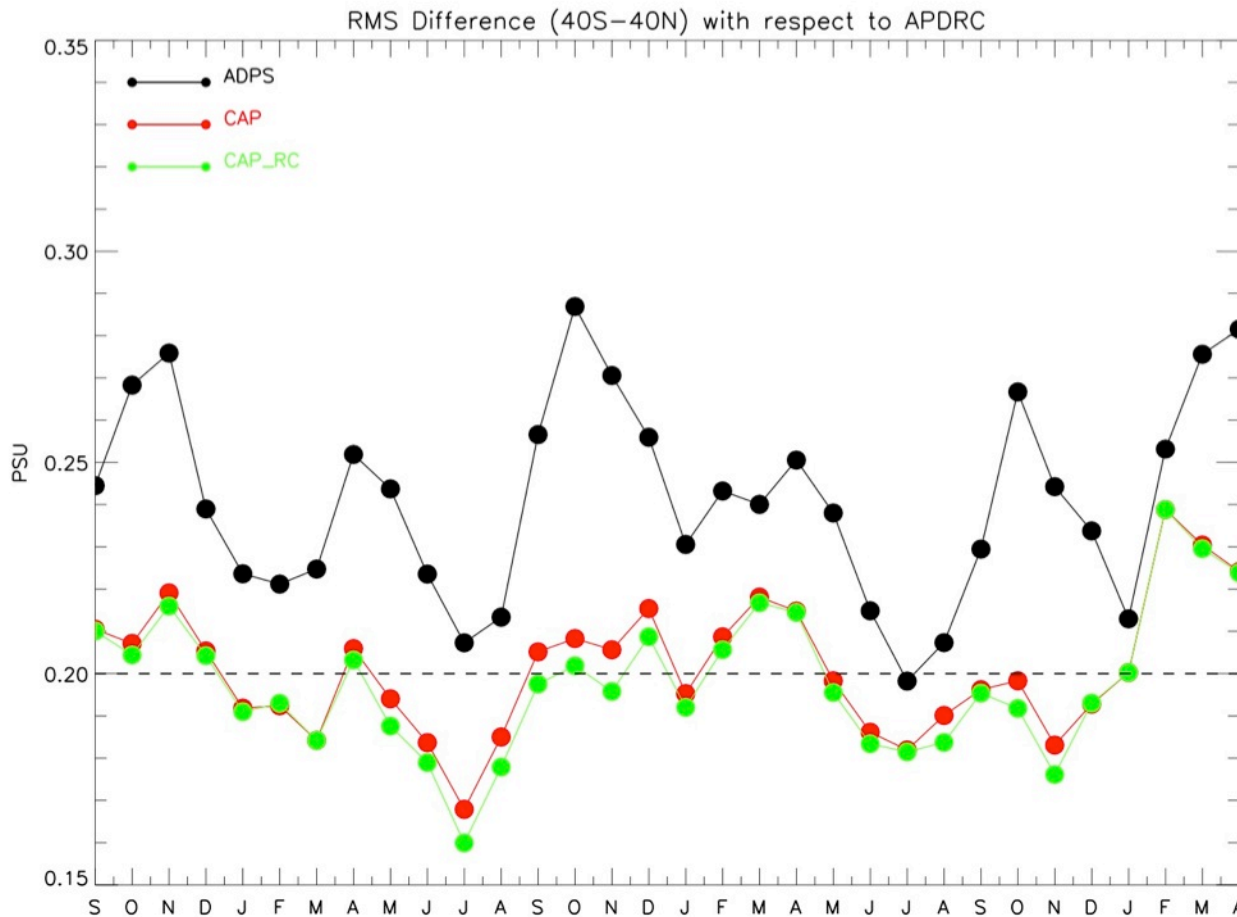
$$s.d. = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \langle x_m \rangle - y_i + \langle y_m \rangle)^2}$$

- Excellent agreement for most locations - between 0.1 to 0.2 psu
- Reaching 0.3 to 0.4 psu for regions with high precipitation and evaporation, cold waters (high latitudes) and Amazon outflow



RMSD between CAP and ARGO Monthly Gridded Products

- The Amazon River outflow and Easter Pacific fresh pool excluded.

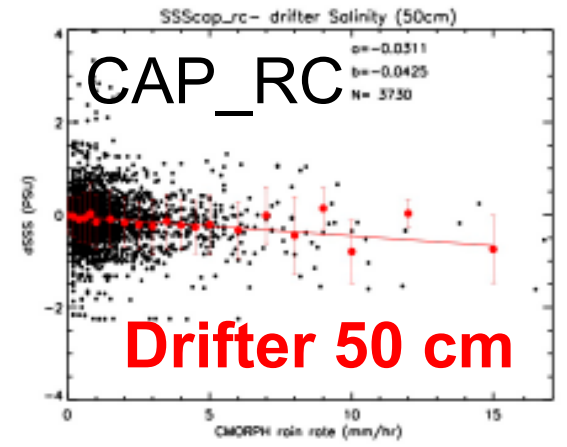
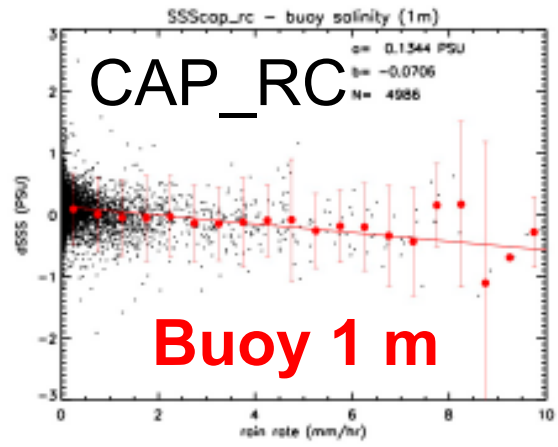
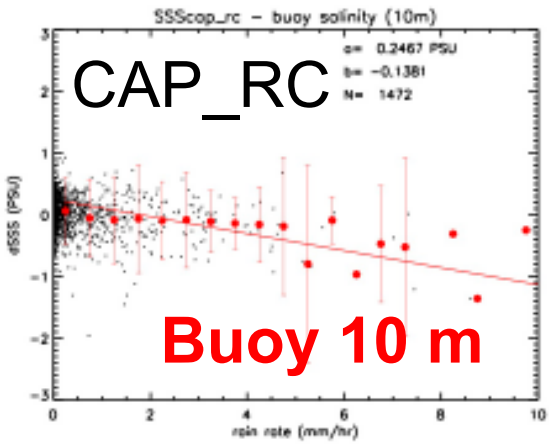
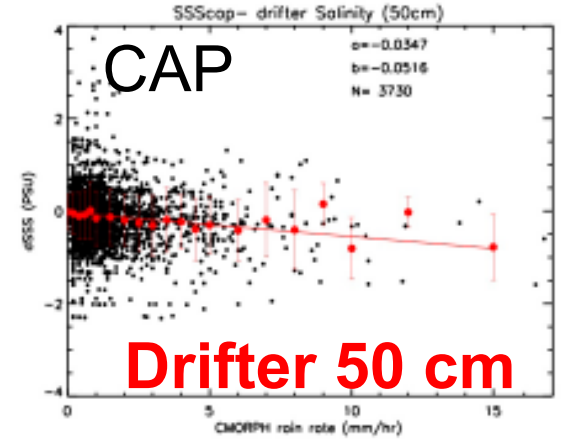
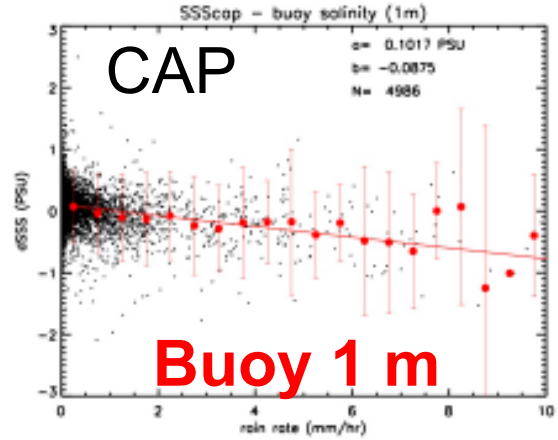
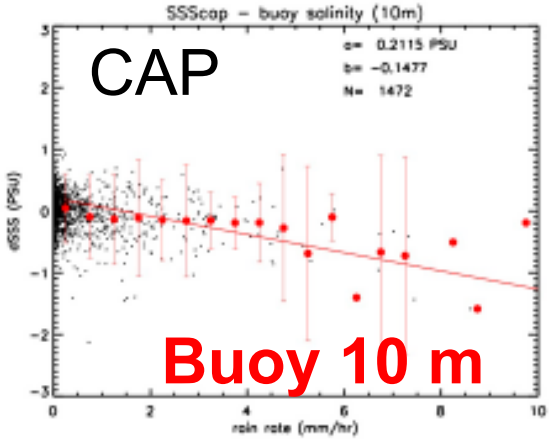
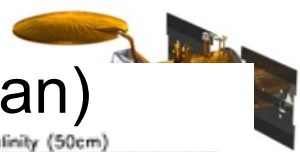


The monthly RMSD between CAP and APDRC between 40° S and 40° N is mostly <0.2 psu

Tang et al., JGR, in press 2014

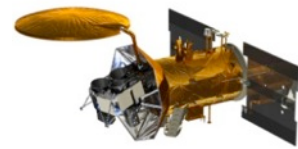
JPL CAP SSS Close to meeting Aquarius requirement?

Comparison with salinities from moorings (PMEL) and drifters (Locean)

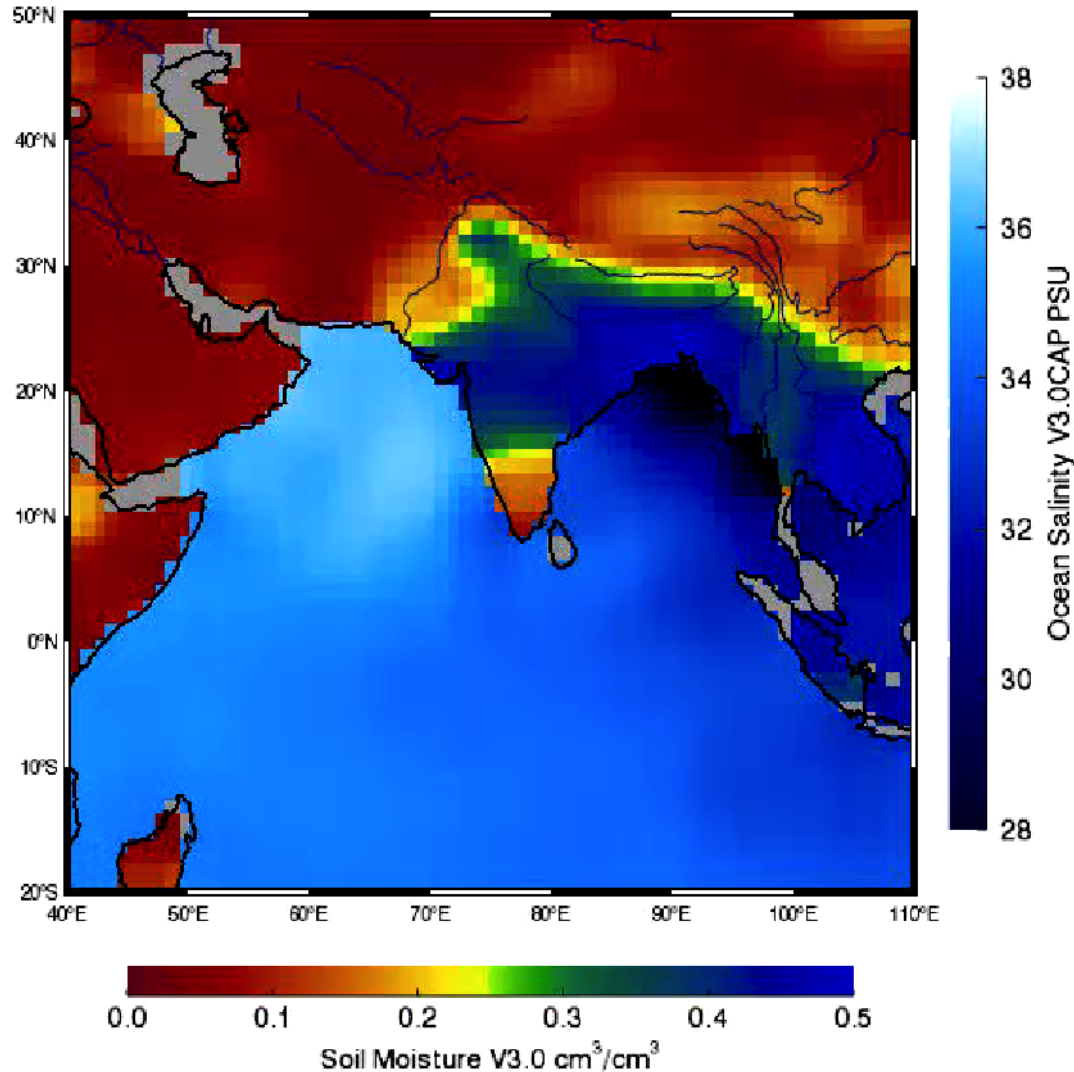


- CAP_RC SSS has the better agreement with the SSS at 50 cm depth

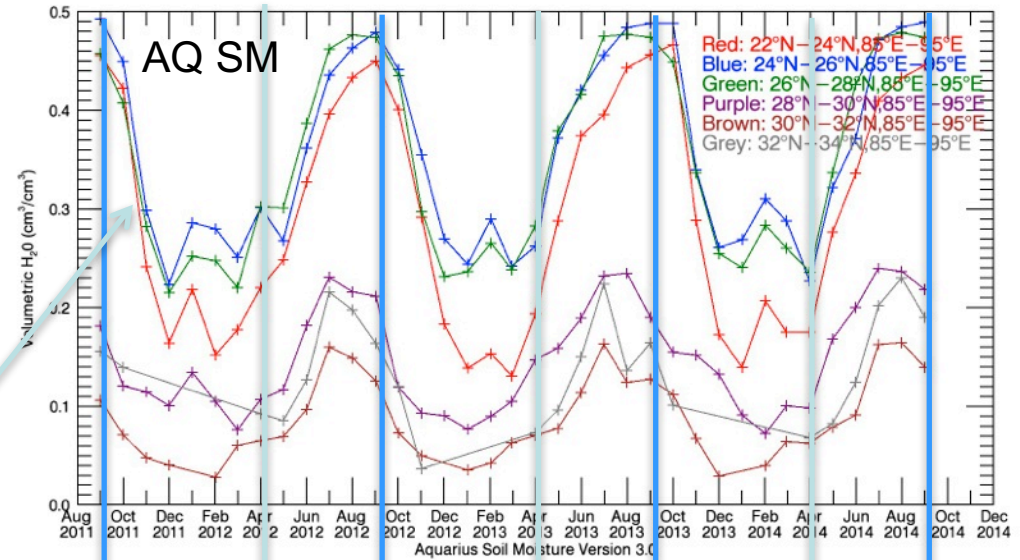
Slope	SSSAq-S10m	SSSAq-S1m	SSSAq-S50cm
CAP	-0.1477	-0.0875	-0.0516
CAP_RC	-0.1381	-0.0706	-0.0425



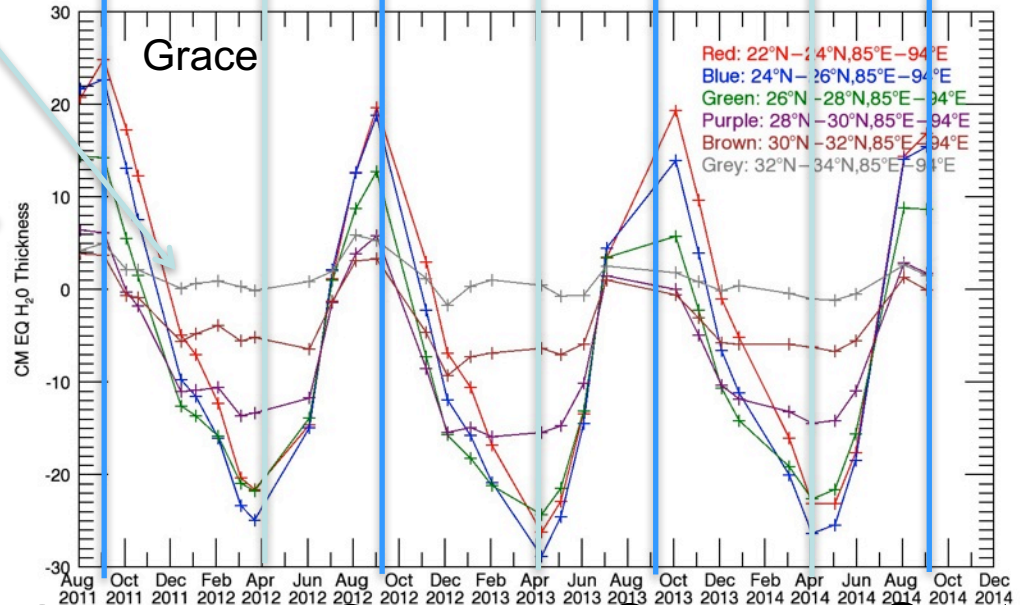
Aquarius Soil Moisture and SSS Data
August 2011



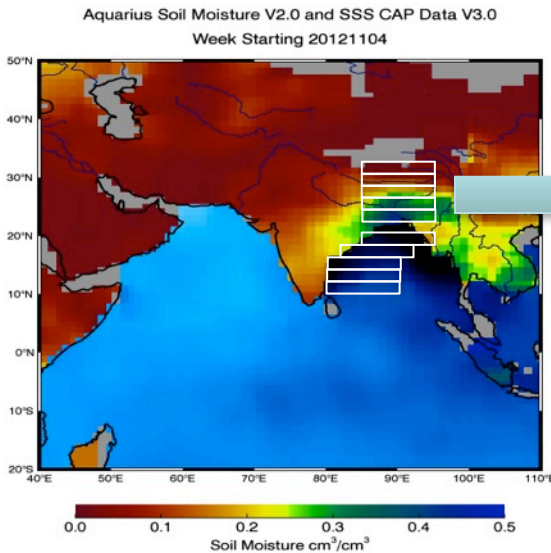
- Rain starts approximately in April
- More rain closer to the coast over land
- Dry down starts in September except 2013

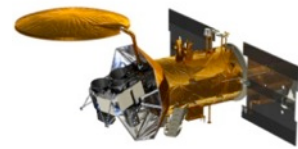


Monthly Averaged GRACE Soil Moisture For Bay of Bengal Areas

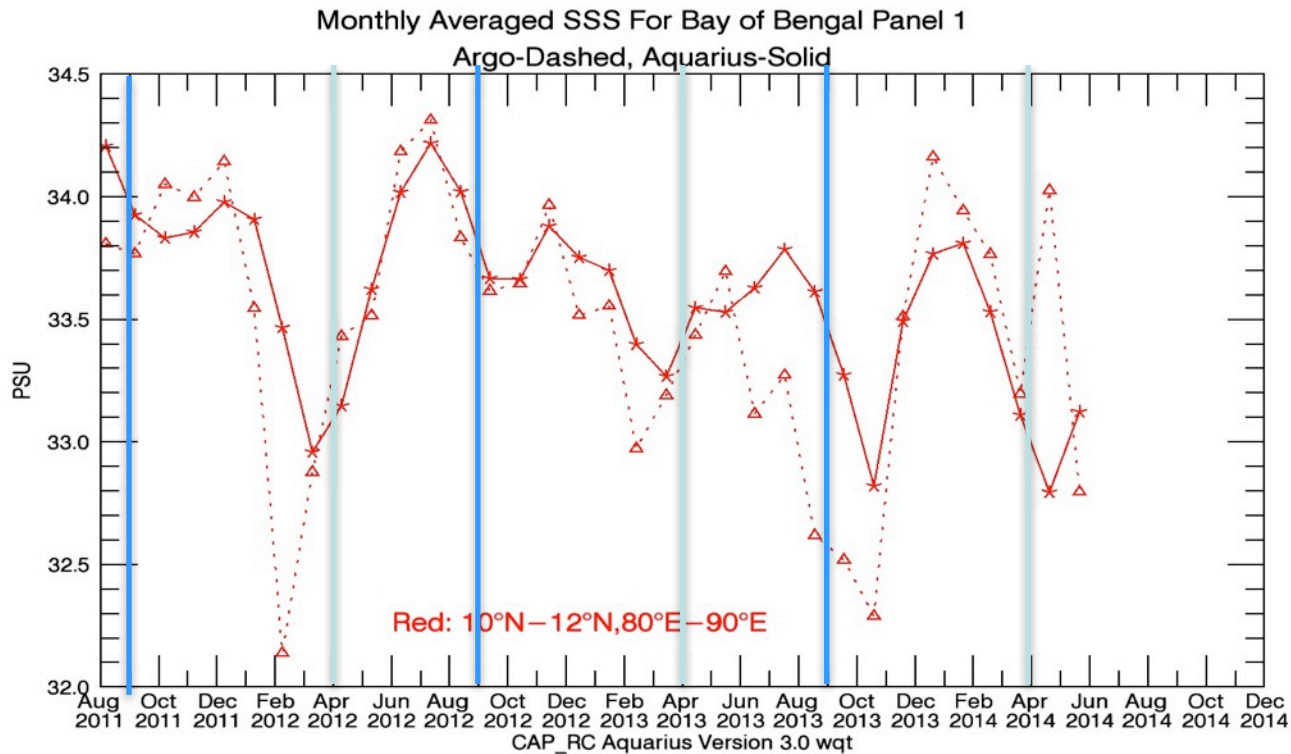
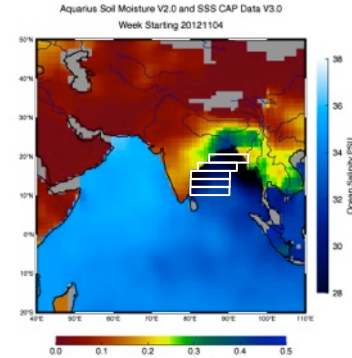


Sept Sept Sept Sept



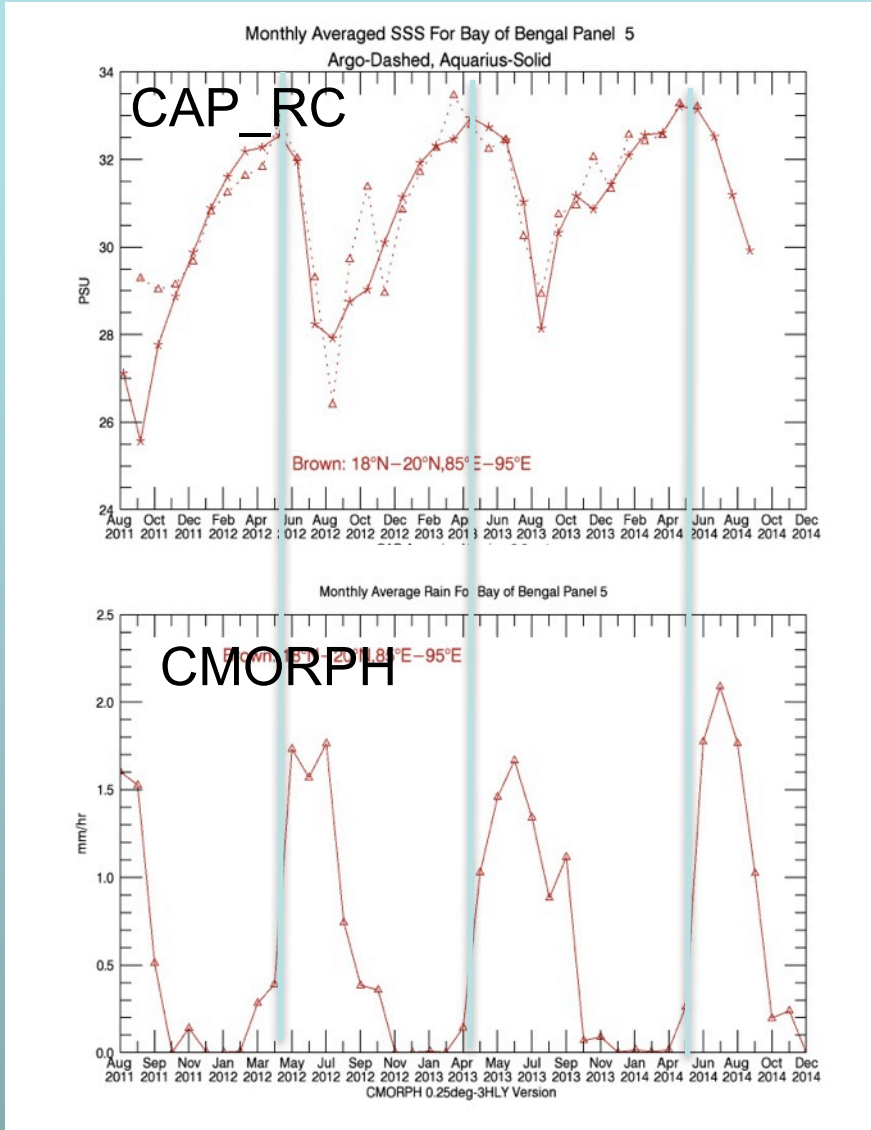


- Salinity change near the coast corresponds well with the change of soil moisture
- Salinity change further away from the coast affected by other processes

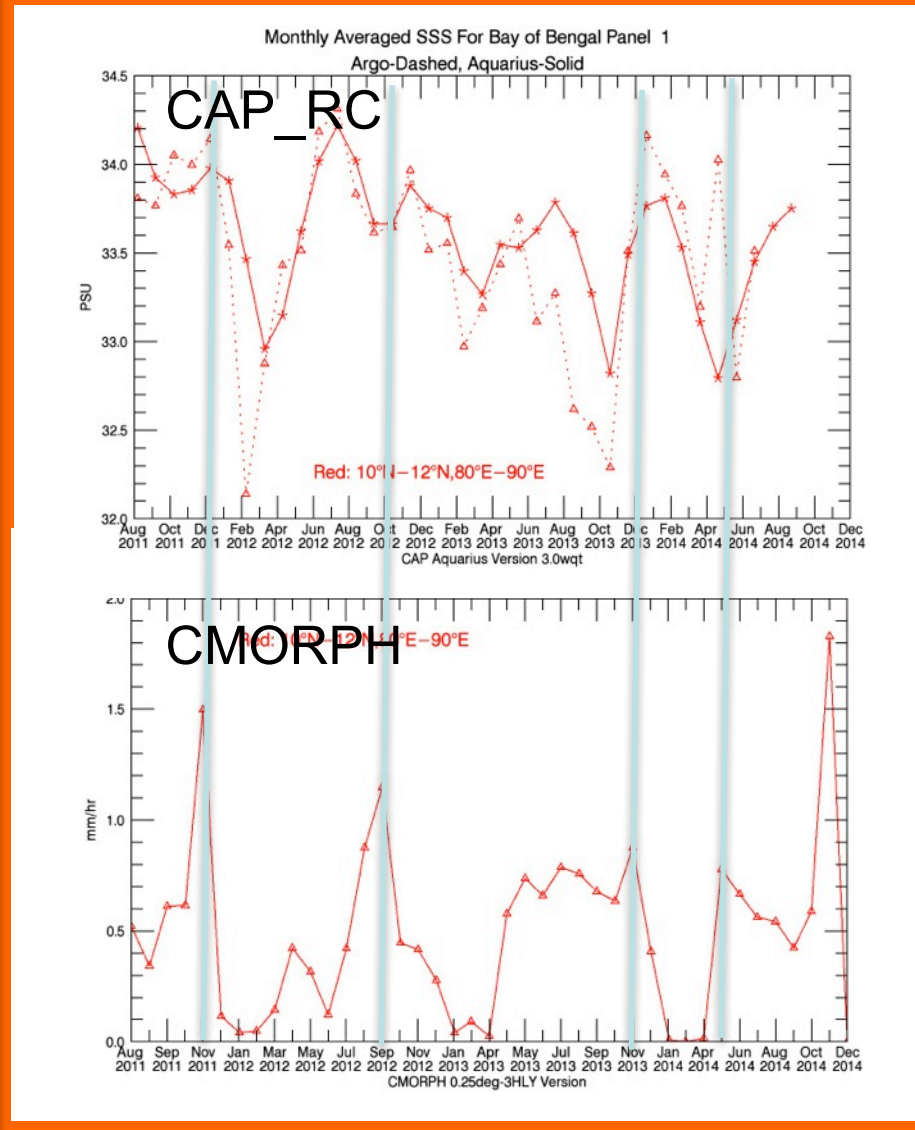




Good anti-correlation near coast



Weak correlation far off coast





- Fresher water in the Bay
- Higher precipitation does not correspond to fresher water

CAP_RC SSS

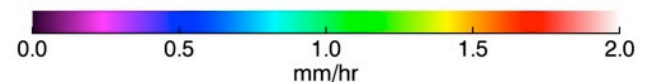
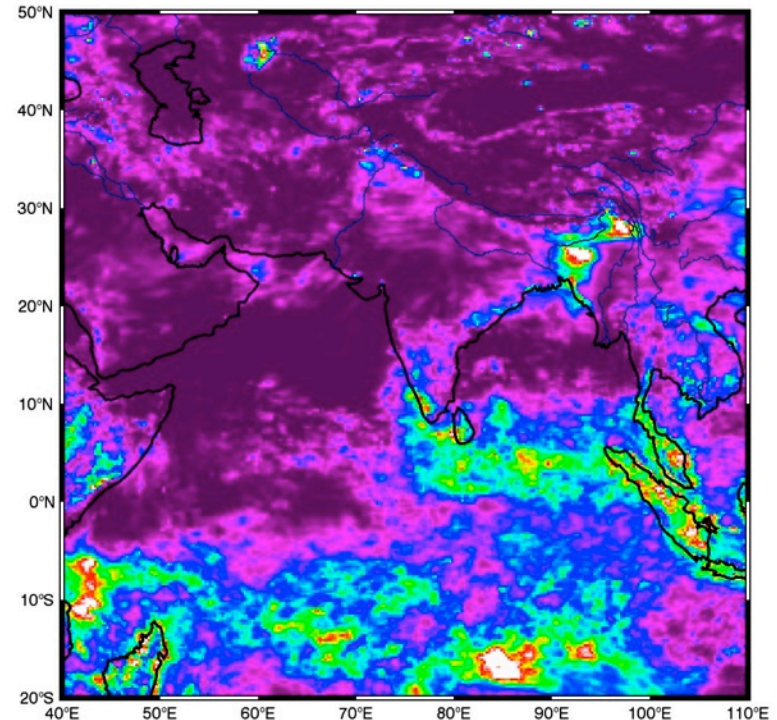
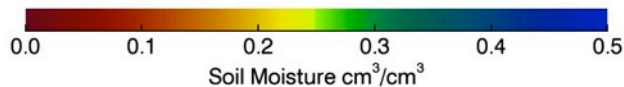
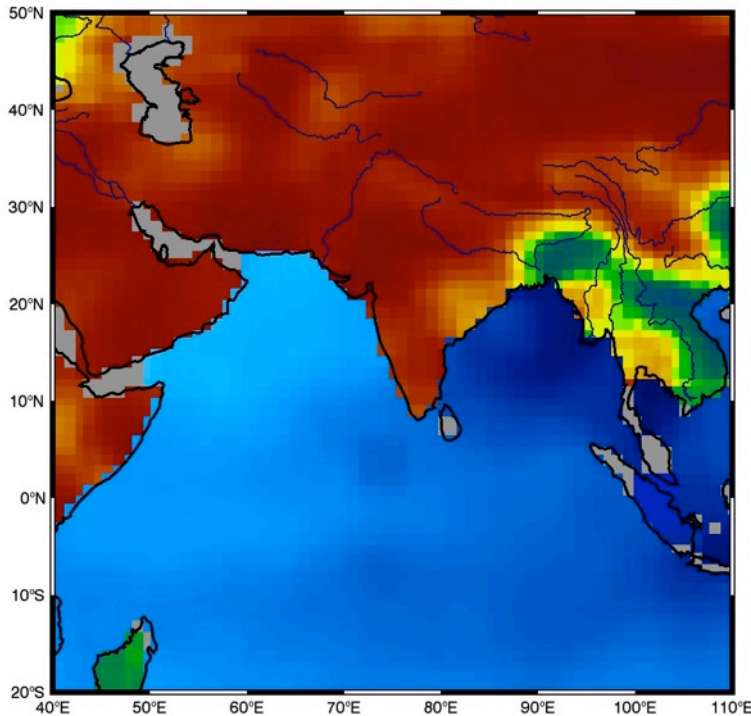
Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0

April 2012

April 2012

CMORPH Rain

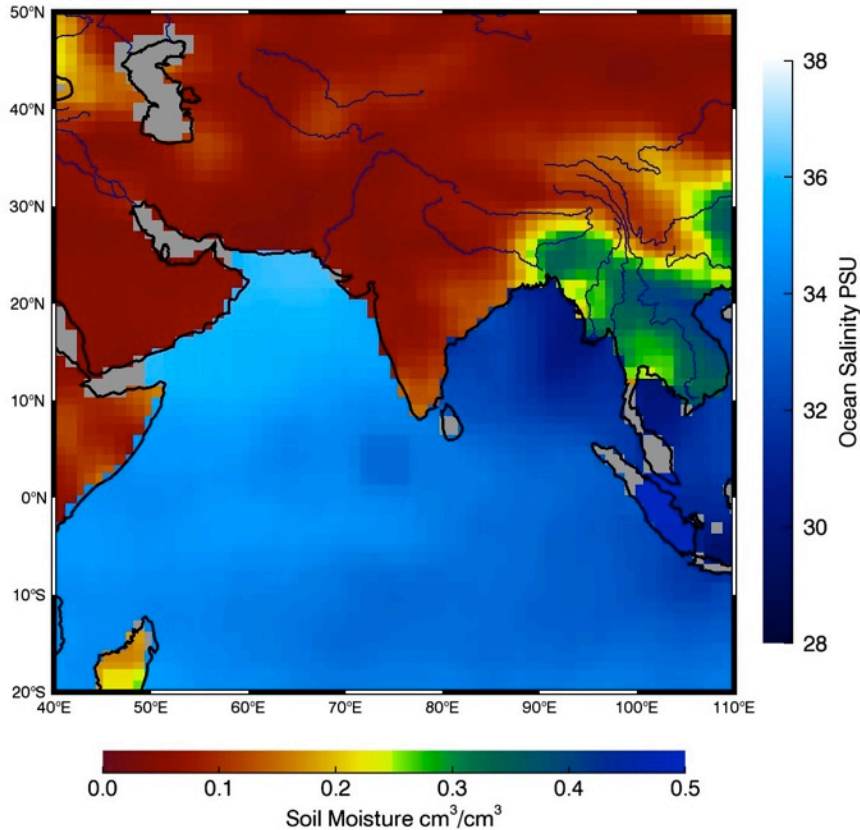
CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal APR 2012



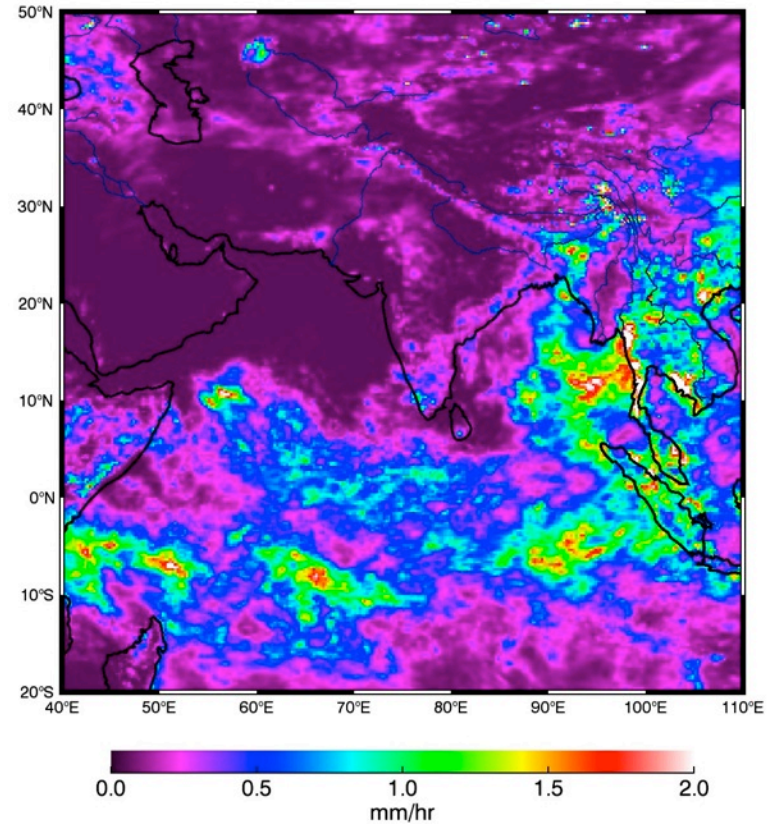


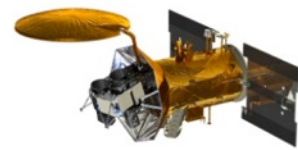
May 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
May 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal MAY 2012

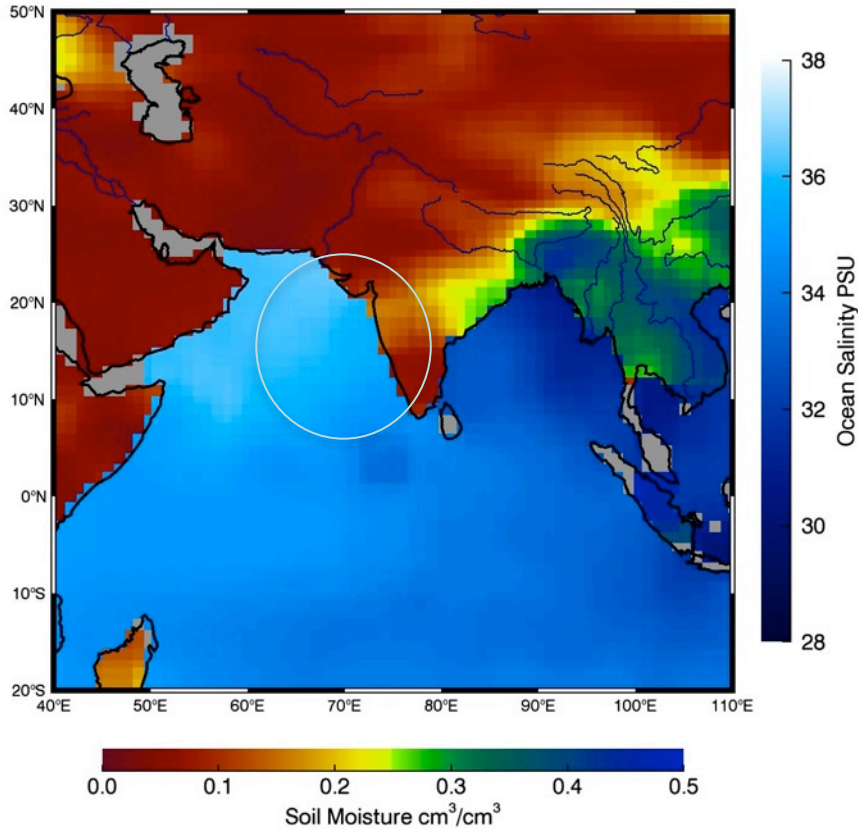




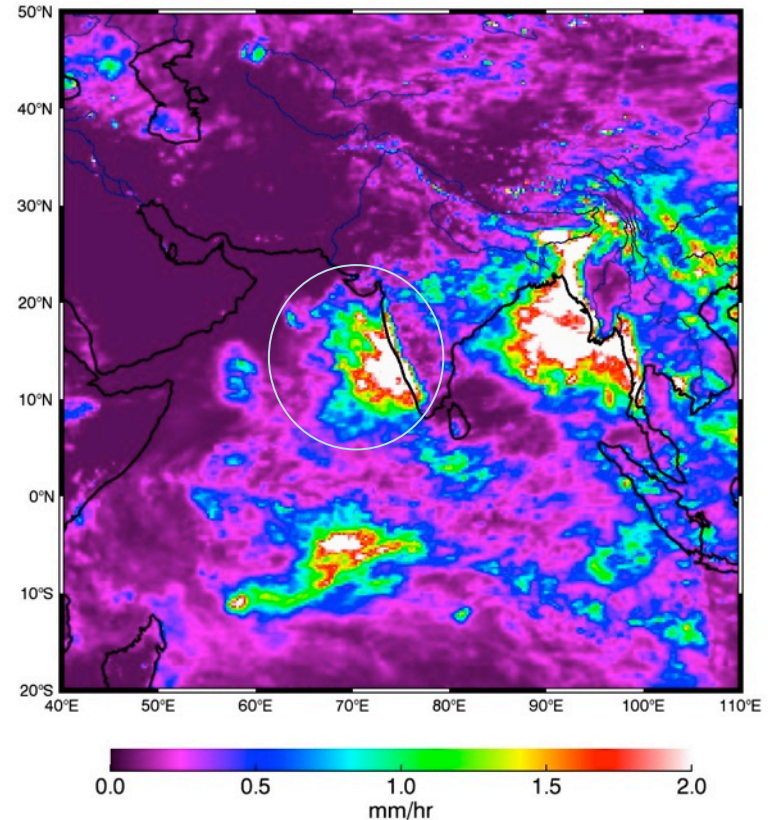
- Higher precipitation does not correspond to fresher water in Arabian Sea
 - No obvious freshwater lensing**

June 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
June 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal JUN 2012

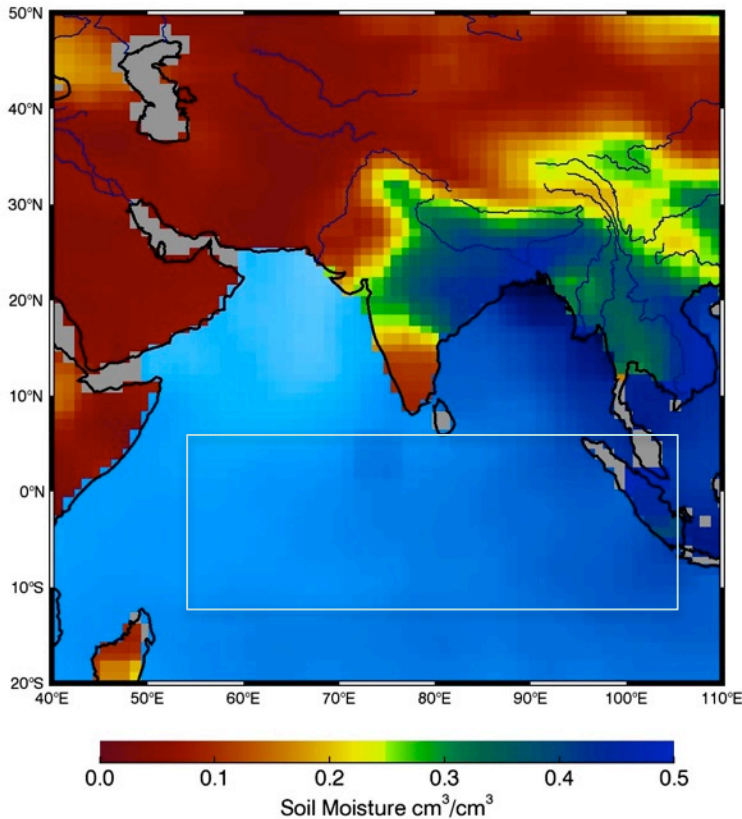




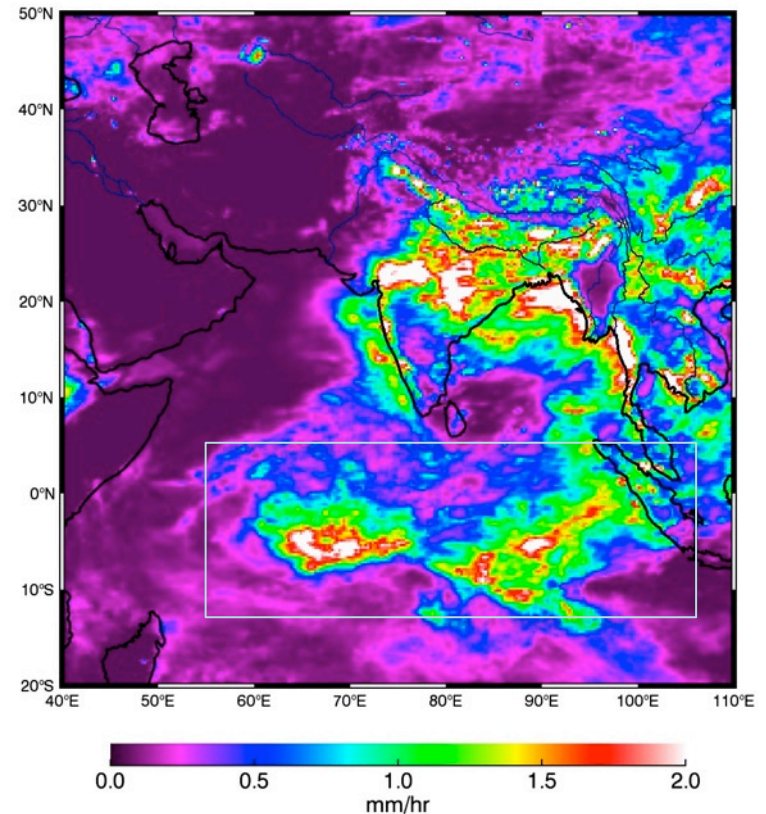
- Higher precipitation does not correspond to fresher water in Arabian Sea and Indian Ocean
 - No obvious freshwater lensing**

July 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
July 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal JUL 2012

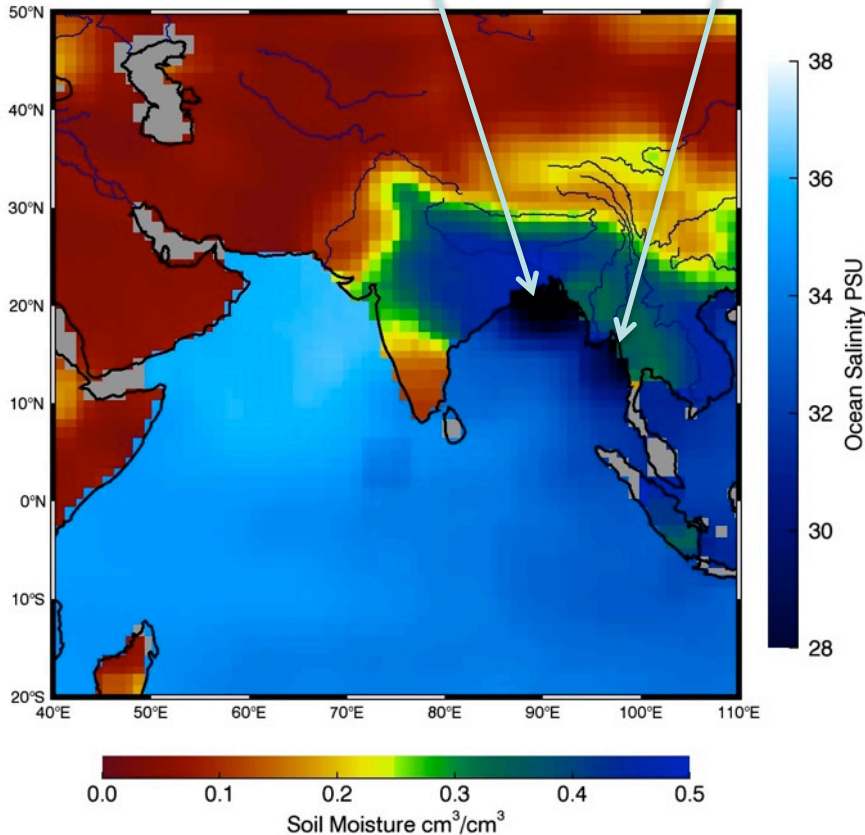




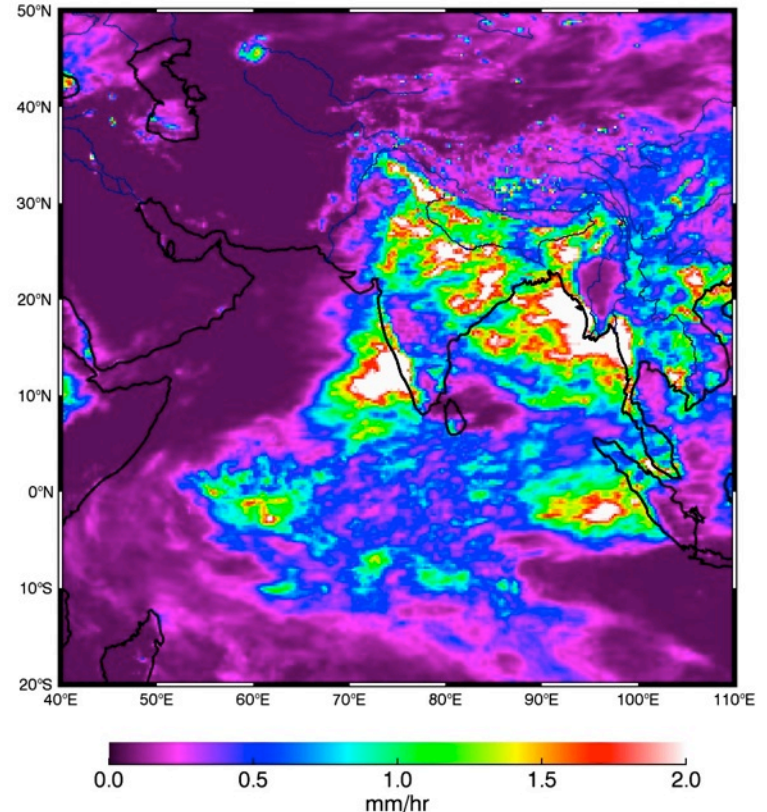
- Salinity change due to river discharge
 - The Ganges, Irrawaddy and Salween

August 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
August 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal AUG 2012

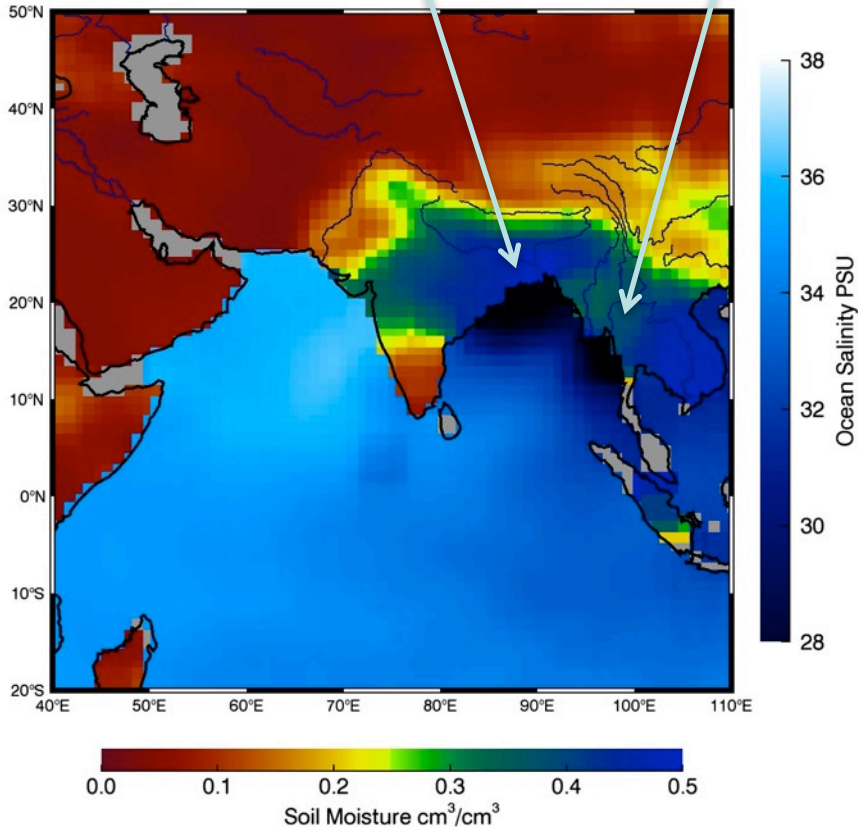




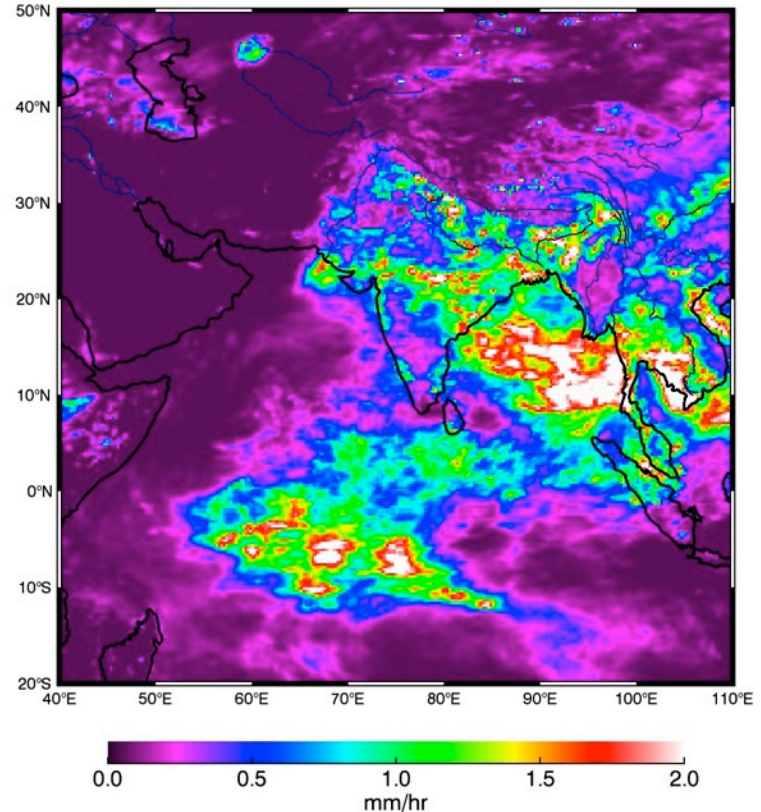
- **Salinity change due to river discharge**
 - **The Ganges**, Irrawaddy and Salween

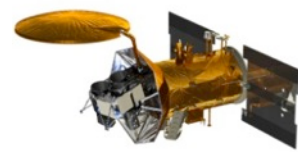
September 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
September 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal SEP 2012

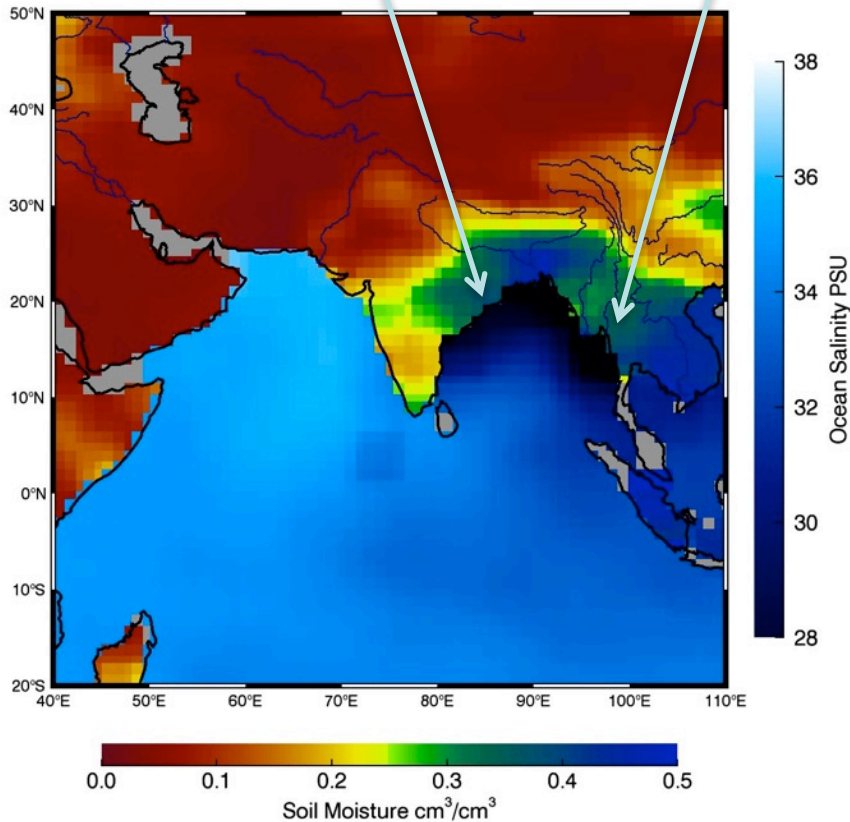




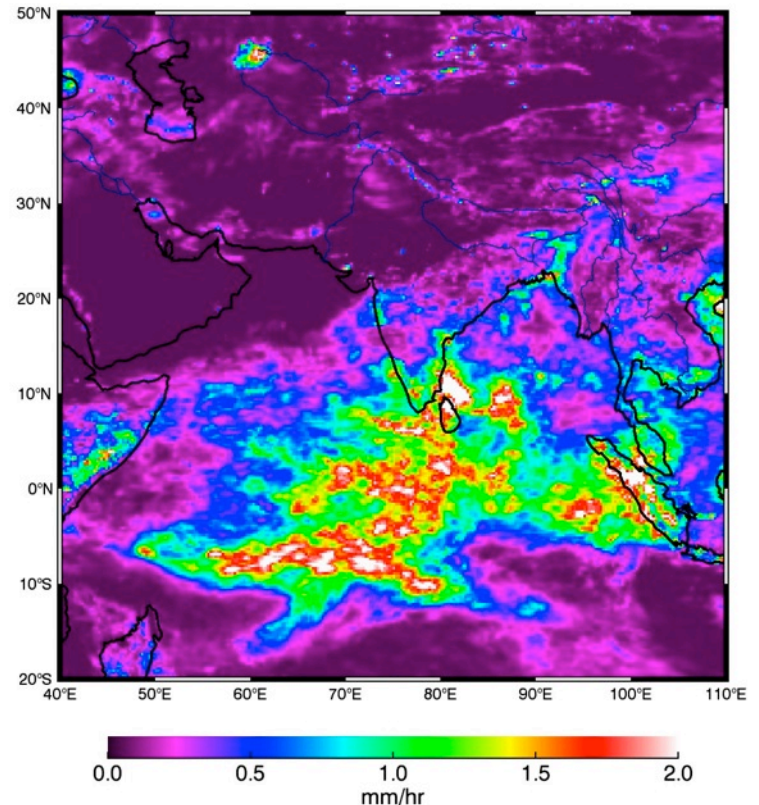
- **Salinity change due to river discharge**
 - **The Ganges, Irrawaddy and Salween**
- **Advection**

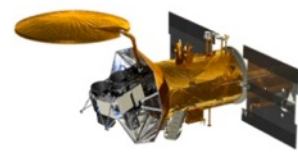
October 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
October 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal OCT 2012

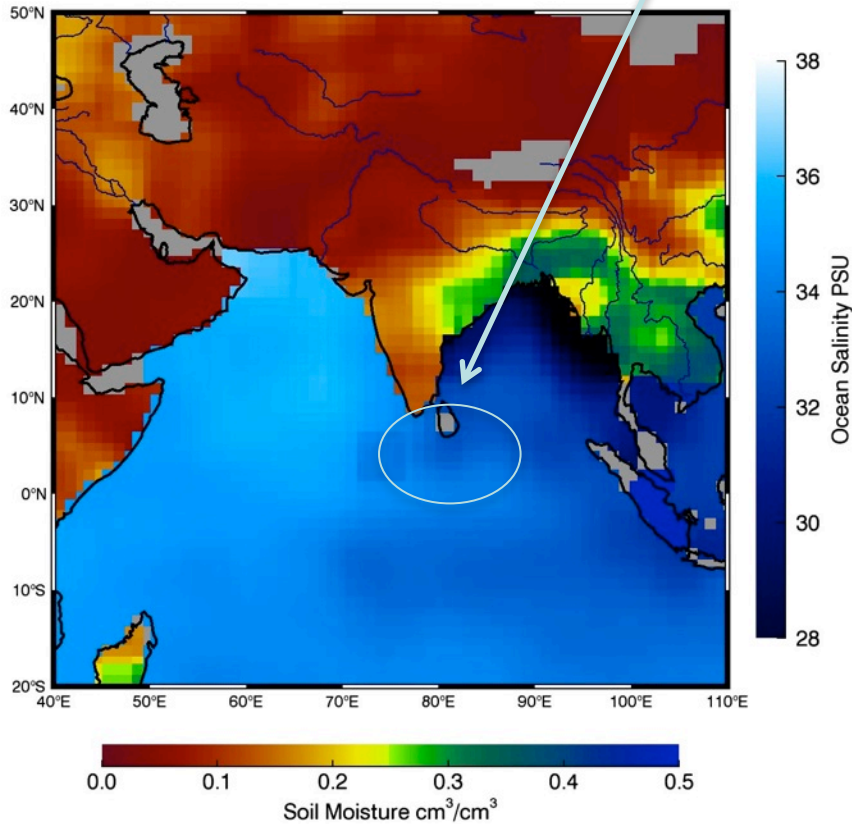




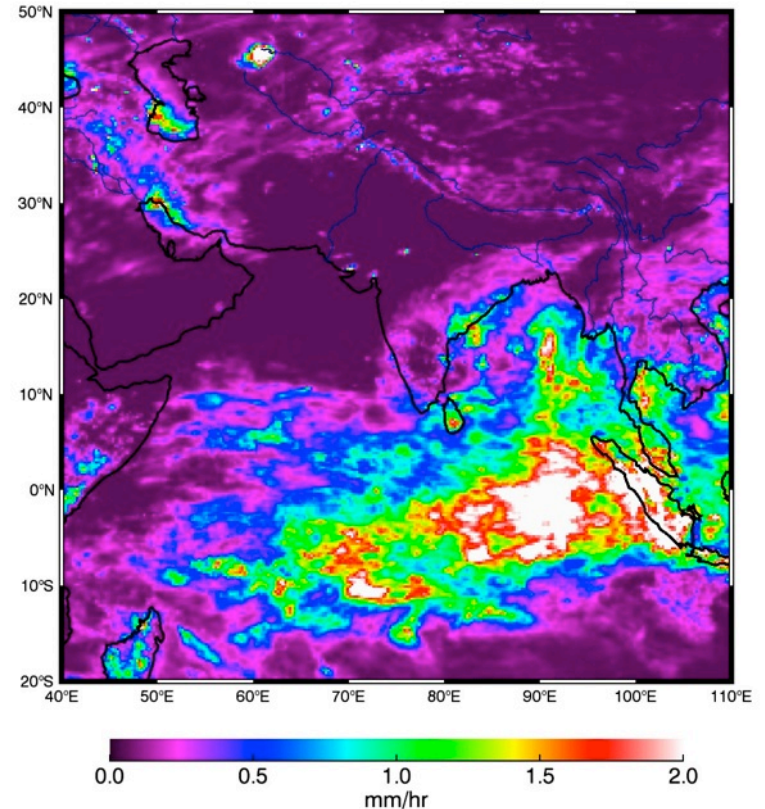
- **Fresher water advection into the Indian Ocean**

November 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
November 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal NOV 2012

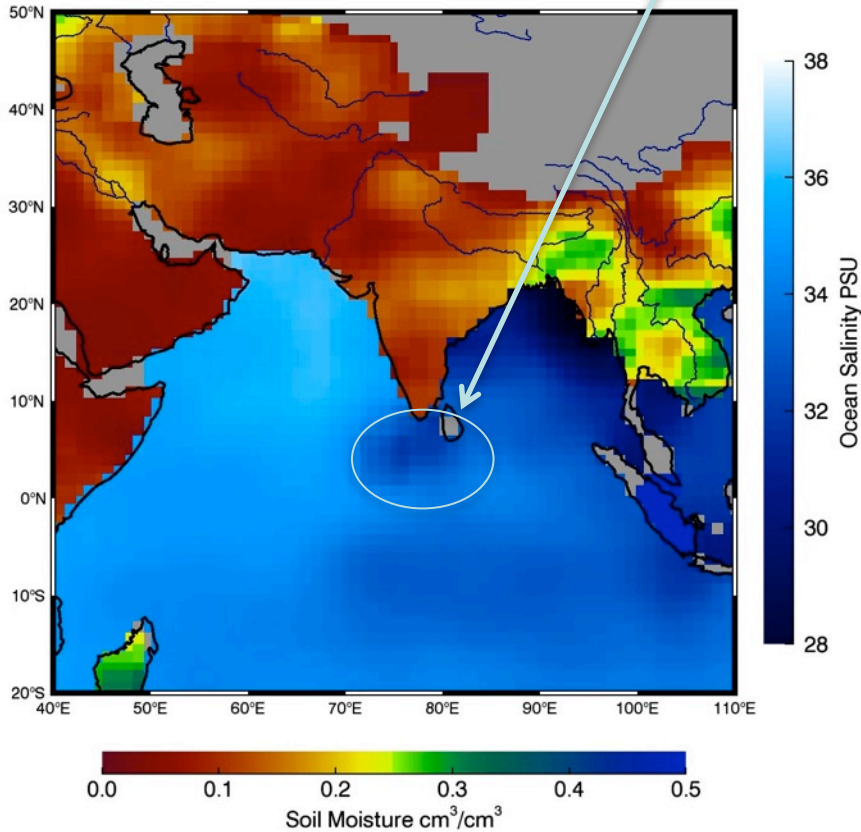




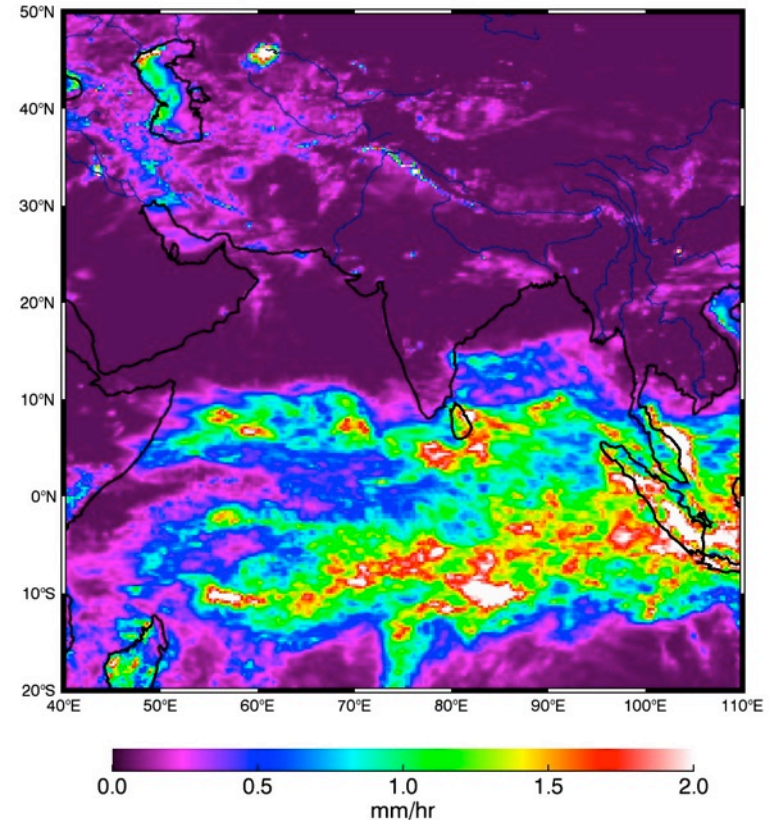
- **Fresher water advection into the Indian Ocean**

December 2012

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
December 2012



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal DEC 2012

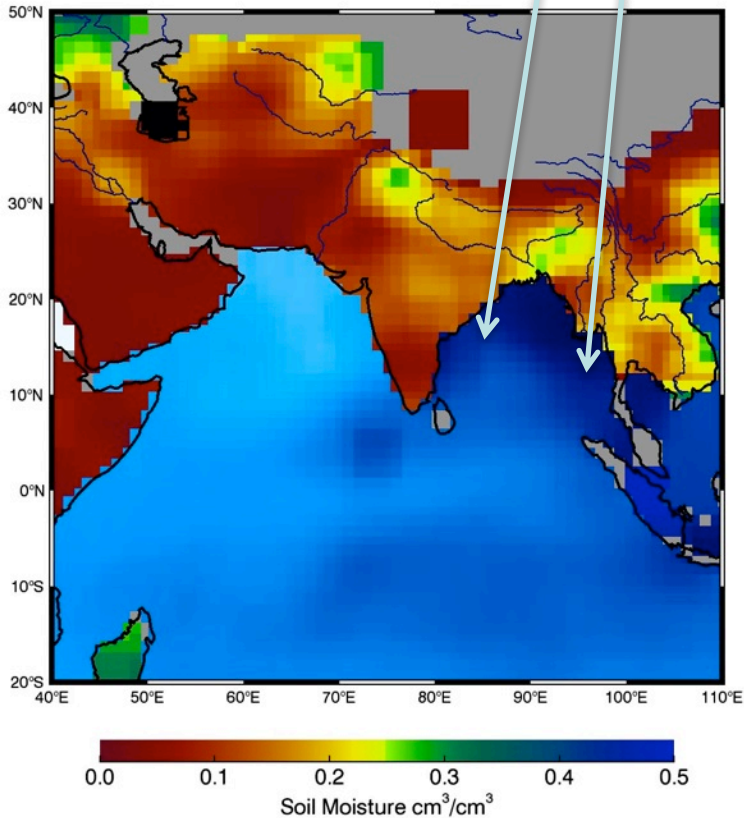




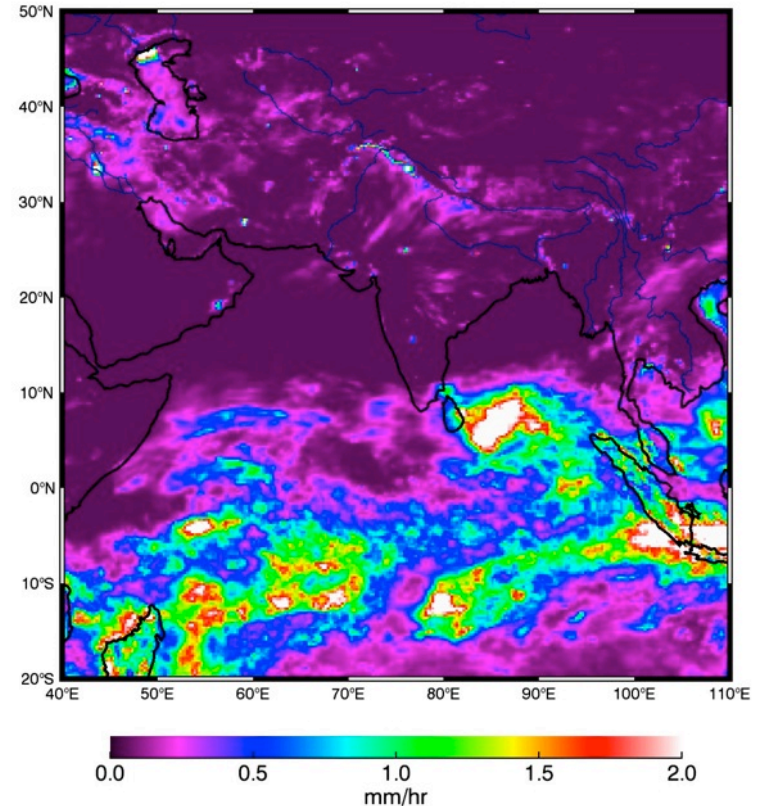
- **Fresher water advection in the Bay of Bengal**

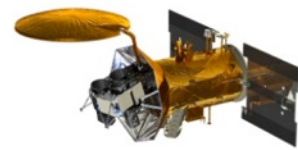
January 2013

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
January 2013



CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal JAN 2013

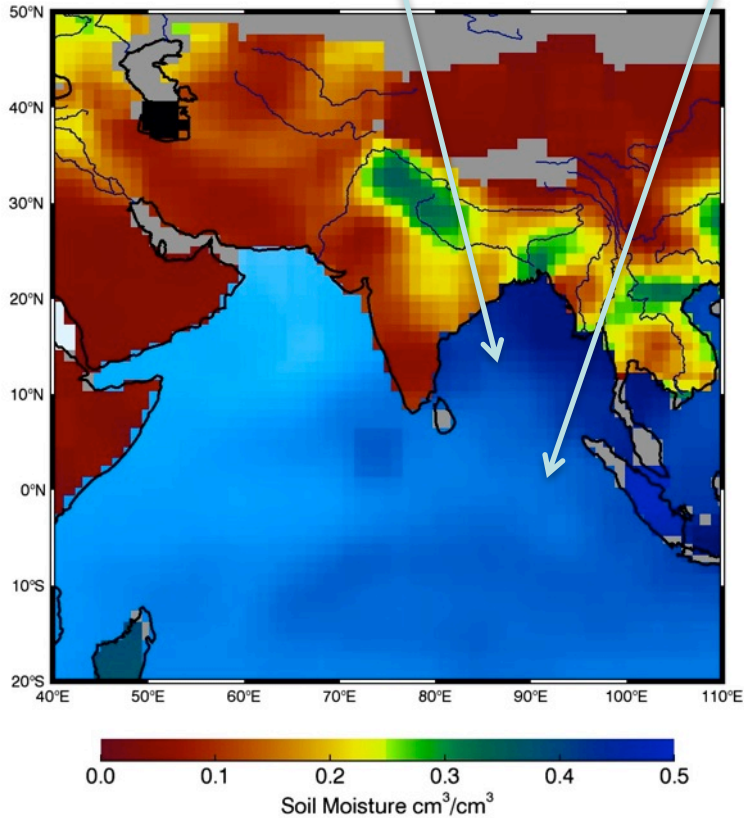




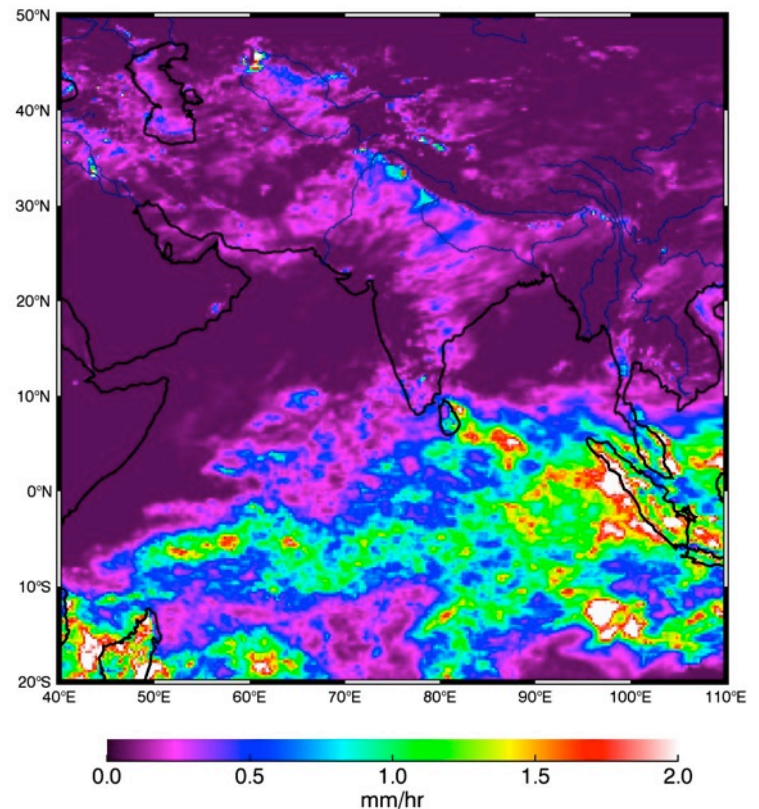
- No obvious freshwater lensing due to precipitation
- Advection (Oct-April)

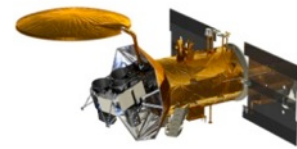
February 2013

Aquarius Soil Moisture V3.0 and SSS CAP Data V3.0
February 2013

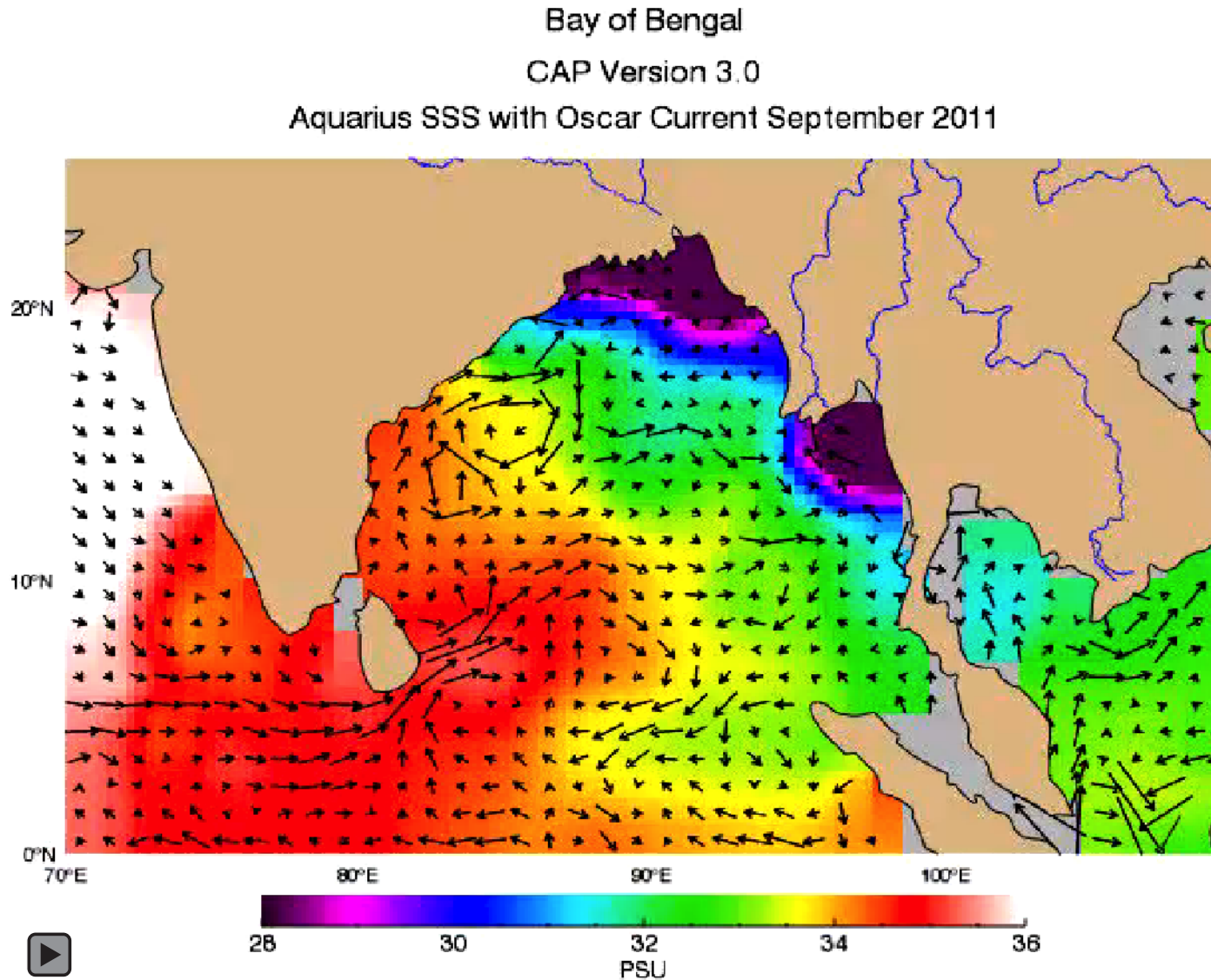


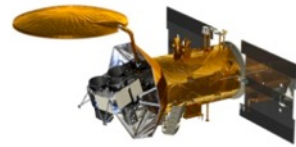
CMORPH Rain 1.0_ADJ Bay of Bengal FEB 2013





- The advection of salinity seems to correspond to the OSCAR current





- Geophysical model functions for rain-free and rain-induced roughness impact updated to better account for the surface stratification effects – close to Locean float data
- CAP_RC SSS agrees very well with the ARGO near coast
- River discharge critical for the coastal areas for the salinity change
- River discharge and advection (April-September)
- Advection and maybe evaporation dominates (Oct-March)
- No obvious freshwater lensing effects due to rain in the Bay of Bengal

Salinity, soil moisture and rain products provide a consistent depiction of water cycle